

Computational Complex Analysis : : Class 24

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Continue the discussion on the fact that every non constant holomorphic function is an open function. f be holomorphic function then $f(z_0) = w_0$ N times. Except at z_0 , f is not going to be w_0 . If we use residue theorem and call the circle around z_0 as C_0 then

$$N = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C_0} \frac{f'(z)}{f(z) - w_0} dz$$

N is the order of 0 here in $f(z) = w_0$, where

$$f(z) = c(z - z_0)^N + \dots$$

$c \neq 0$. If $|w - w_0|$ is sufficiently small then

$$|f(z) - w| \geq |f(z) - w_0| - |w - w_0| > 0$$

That integral can be replaced with

$$1/2\pi i \left(\int_{C_0} \frac{f'(z)}{f(z) - w} dz \right)$$

The denom. is a continuous function of w . N is the number of times here. $f(z)$ has every value close enough to w_0 . f is an open function.

Trivial example $f(z) = z^N$. $z_0 = 0$. Look at $f(z) - \epsilon$.

Now a question, why is it that the close enough to w_0 the N values of $f(z) = w$ z close to z_0 are distinct?

Summation of Infinite Series

Summation of infinite series. We are going to look at holomorphic functions f defined on \mathbb{C} and we hope to calculate $\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(n)$. Starting point

$$\text{Res}(\cot \pi z, n) = \frac{\cos \pi n}{\pi \cos \pi n} = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

Multiply both sides by

$$\text{Res}(\pi \cot \pi z, n) = 1$$

f being holomorphic at n ,

$$\text{Res}(f(z)\pi \cot \pi z, n) = f(n)\text{Res}(\pi \cot \pi z, n) = f(n)$$

Take the path. On real number line take $N + \frac{1}{2}$ and $-N - \frac{1}{2}$. Then vertically go way up and at the center is origin on the real line. One side would be at Ni and another at $-Ni$. We will take integral over this square with the origin at the center with side length N .

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C_N} f(z)\pi \cot \pi z dz = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{Residues inside.}$$

So if $N \rightarrow \infty$ then $f \rightarrow 0$ as assumed, at least quadratically,

$$|f(z)| \leq \frac{C}{N^2} \text{ on } C_N$$

So we hope we will be able to utilize the product $f(z)\pi \cot \pi z$ and we are ought to show that,

$$|\pi \cos \pi z| \leq \text{constant on } C_n$$

Setting $N \rightarrow \infty$ and the integral overall turns into,

$$0 = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) + \text{Res}(f(z)\pi \cot \pi z, 0)$$

So we get,

$$\sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} -\text{Res}(f(\pi) \cot \pi z, 0)$$

Small example can be

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2}$$
$$\sum \frac{1}{n^2} = -\text{Res}\left(\frac{\pi \cot \pi z}{z^2}\right) = \frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

Summing for $n = 0$ to ∞ would be $\frac{\pi^2}{6}$.